

How you can protect your child from infectious illness

Many childhood diseases can be prevented with vaccines.
Make sure that your children are immunised according to the schedule.

Talk to your doctor or call the helpline at **13 HEALTH (13 43 25 84)**

Let's work together to reduce the spread of childhood illness.

Useful links

Queensland Health

www.health.qld.gov.au/public-health/ topics/immunisation/default.asp

Immunise Australia

www.immunise.health.gov.au

or call 1800 671 811

More information

Link to Staying Healthy – 5th edition: www.nhmrc.gov.au/guidelines-publications/ch55

Australian Government website: www.healthdirect.gov.au/childhood-illnesses

Queensland Health website: http://disease-control.health.qld.gov.au



Use this QR Code to access an electronic copy of the Time Out poster.

Or visit: www.health.qld.gov.au/ publichealthact/contagious

For advice contact your local Public Health Unit:

www.health.qld.gov.au/system-governance/ contact-us/contact/public-health-units







Information for parents
about infectious diseases and
exclusion periods in
Queensland early childhood
education centres and schools







The best way to prevent the spread of germs is to get your kids to wash their hands often, even when they feel well.

Keeping your child and other kids healthy!

Keep your child at home if they have any of the following:

- fever (temp over 37.5°C)
- stomach ache with vomiting
- stomach ache with diarrhoea
 (3 or more times in 24 hours)
- cough with fever
- body sores or rash with fever
- sore eyes with pus or thick mucus
- sore throat with fever
- no appetite, are tired, pale, cranky, or not feeling well.

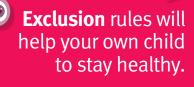
Viral illnesses are often contagious **BEFORE** your child shows any symptoms of being sick.

Take your child to the doctor if you are worried.

Working with your early childhood education centre or school

Your child care centre, kindergarten, preschool or school is required by law (*Public Health Act 2005*) to exclude children with certain infectious diseases until the child is well and/or has been cleared by a doctor to return to care/school.

Exclusion protects children from getting diseases from a sick child.



Keep surfaces and toys clean. Gastroenteritis occurs often in young children.
It is highly infectious and can be passed from person to person very easily.

What to do if your child has gastro:

- Look after your child at home.
- Keep your child away from other children until the diarrhoea has stopped.
- Your baby or child is infectious so wash your hands well with soap and warm water, particularly before feeding and after nappy changes.

Your child cannot return to care for at least 24 hours or longer for some gastro illnesses.